BELLEFONTE PATRIOT.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, PRINTED BY *THOMAS J. PETRIKIN.*

Vol. VII. *WEDNESDAY, January* 7, 1824. *No.* 6.

CONDITIONS.

OF THE BELLEFONTE PATRIOT.

The price of this paper is TWO DOLLARS per annum—but if paid in advance, ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS only will be charged.

Advertisements, making no more in length than breadth, will be inserted three times for one dollar; and for every subsequent continuance twenty-five cents.—Those of greater length in proportion.—Rule or figure work double those rates. *Which must be paid in cash* at the time of insertion.

No subscription will be received for less than one year; nor any paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid.

If the subscriber does not request a discontinuance of his paper, at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement; and the paper forwarded accordingly.

Subscribers who have their papers carried by the mail, must be liable for the postage.

Letters addressed to the editor must be post paid.

BOOKS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

IN consequence of the death of David Hogan late Bookseller of Philadelphia, a stock of valuable

BOOKS AND STATIONARY.

has been placed at the disposal of the administrators of his estate, to be sold at reduced prices for cash. Orders for all Books and Stationary articles generally used through the country will be satisfactorily supplied. The stock also comprises one of the best collections of Miscellaneous Literature in the country, including a great number of English books, which will be sold cost value, and in many cases below it. To Clergymen it affords a good opportunity of furnishing themselves with scarce and standard works on theology, both in English and Latin. Orders forwarded, or application made at the store No. 255 MARKET STREET to

JAMES HOGAN JUN'R.

will be faithfully attended to,

Nov. 17th, 1823.

Baring Robbery.
$500
REWARD.

On the morning of the 5th of November instant, *Robert Miller* on his return from Kentucky, was ROBBED, on the Turnpike Road, two miles above the turnpike gate at Blair's Gap, of the sum of

5,300 Dollars.

The robbery was committed by two men dressed in *Blue* Clothes; one of them about five feet nine inches high, sandy complexion, very light beard, and without whiskers.

The other somewhat larger, with a black beard, & large black whiskers, shaved to a point on the chin. The money was in notes on various banks, viz: United States Bank, 100ds 50's 20's, 10's and 5's—Virginia notes, as near as he can recollect, four of $100 each, two of which had been cut, and one of them pasted with wafers; also some 30's and tens on the same bank; some Pennsylvania notes, amongst which were one $50 on the Bank of Pennsylvania, and one $50 on the Schuylkill Bank, at Philadelphia, and about $300 in 5 & 10 dollar notes on the Auburn Bank of New York.

The above reward will be given for the apprehension of the villains, or either of them, and the recovery of the money, or half that sum for either.

VALENTINES & THOMAS.

Bellefonte Iron Works, Centre County, Pa. Nov. 7th, 1823.

N. B. The Editors of the Harrisburg Chronicle, Lancaster Gazette, & the United States Gazette will please give the above three insertions, and forward their bills to the subscribers.

V. & T.

NEW STORE
CAMBRIDGE & PETRIKIN,

Inform the public, that they have just received, and now offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce, an elegant assortment of

NEW GOODS,

consisting of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.

Their store is on the north-west corner of the Diamond, and the same lately occupied by Messrs. *Hammond & Page.*

Bellefonte, Dec'r 9th, 1823.

PARTNERSHIP.
PRUNER & TATE,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBLIC, THAT THEY HAVE COMMENCED THE

CARPENTER & CABINET MAKING

business, in the Borough of BELLEFONTE, in their shop, nearly opposit the Presbyterian Church, where they intend carrying on the said business' in all their various branches. They intend having in their employment the best of workmen, and keeping on hands at all times a large quantity of work where persons desirous of purchasing can be accommodated at the shortest notice. Cash, or country produce will be taken in payment at the market price.

BELLEFONTE, DEC'R. 17, 1823.

FOR SALE
Or Rent.

The subscriber being desirous of retiring to private life, offers for sale or rent, that well known

TAVERN STAND

in which he now keeps tavern, in the Borough of Bellefonte. Their are on the premises, an elegant

STONE HOUSE,

together with a large and commodious Stable. He will also sell or rent

NINE OUT-LOTS,

adjoining the Borough of Bellefonte Any person desirous of commencing tavern keeping, will find it greatly to his advantage to purchase or rent the above premises. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in the Borough of Bellefonte, at the Sign "Captain Lawrence."

JOSEPH UPDEGRAFF.

Bellefonte, Dec'r 4th, 1823.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A tract of land containing

118

acres, situate in Lamar township [Centre county, adjoining the Washington Furnace lands, and others; late the estate of Charles Bennet, deceased. If the above land is not sold on the 25th of December instant, it will be rented. For terms apply to

JAMES BROWN,
DAVID WATSON,
Executors.

Lamar township, Dec'r 3d 1823

3ts

FOR SALE,

ONE half, or a smaller quantity, of a 400 acre tract in Potter township, Centre County, belonging to the estate of Mrs. *Eleanor M. Wallace,* late of Maclaysburg, Dauphin county, dec'd. The land is of superior quality; it is well wattered; about one third of it is cleared, the rest well timbered. It has generally been divided into two farms, there being a house and stable at each end of the tract. The purchaser may have either end, and as much of the cleared land as he wishes. The title is indisputable. Possession can be given on the 1st of April next.

Mr. William Allison, residing at Potter's Mills, near the premises, will show them to persons desirous of purchasing. For terms apply to him or either of the subscribers.

WM. P. MACLAY,
WM. GRAYDON,
WM. M. HALL. } *Ex'rs.*

Lewistown, Nov. 5, 1823.—wtf

NOTICE

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CENTRE AND KISHACOQUILLIS ROAD COMPANY,

ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED,

That an election will be held at the house of *John Kerr,* Potter township, Centre county, on the first Monday of January next, to elect

ONE PRESIDENT,
TWELVE MANAGERS, &
ONE TREASURER,

to conduct the affairs of the company for one years.

FORSTER MILIKEN, *Treas'r.*

November 27th 1823.

A Bargain to Be had.

To be sold at private sale, a tract of land situate in Halfmoon township containing 106 acres, eighty of which are in a high state of cultivation, with about ten acres of first rate meadow and 200 bearing Appletrees. The buildings are a large square log house and bank barn. Also a tract of timber land of eighty acres lying contiguous For terms apply to

Jacob Koffman.

Halfmoon, Nov. 13, 1823¶untf¶np

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned not to take an assignment of a Due Bill from *BERNARD DOUGHERTY,* for the sum of three hundred and eleven dollars and seventy-seven cents on the Centre and Kishacoquillis Turnpike Road Company. The said Due Bill although drawn in my name and the said Bernard's, yet the whole sum for which it calls for is coming to me; he having obtained it from me in a fraudulent manner.

MICHAEL M'CORMICK

Spring township, Dec'r 11, 1823.

STRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Spring township, Centre County, some time in June last,

A Red Heifer,

with a white spot on her shoulder, between one and two years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs.

HENRY SWARTZ.

December 4, 1823.

S. W. Hull,
Saddler

Intending to leave Bellefonte, on or about the first of January, most respectfully solicits payment from those indebted to him.

Bellefonte, Nov. 17, 1823.

WANTED

IMMEDIATELY, an Apprentice to the CABINET MAKING business, a boy from 14 to 16 years old, whose character as to sobriety and industry can be well recommended. Apply to the subscriber, living in Philipsburg.

JOHN B. MEEK.

A Stray.

Came to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Boggs township, Centre county, on the 10th of October last,

Red Steer,

with some white on his back, supposed to be between two and three years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; or he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JOHN KIRK.

Nov. 20th 1823.

STRAY OXEN.

STRAYED from the subscriber living at Rock Iron Works, Centre County, some time during the summer, six or eight Oxen and young Steers, branded with a small brand on the horns thus "P. B." Any person giving information where they can be had willbethankfully rewarded, and if brought home all reasonable charges paid by

PHILIP BENNER.

Oct. 3, 1823.

NOTICE.

All persons are cautioned not to take an assignment on a note of mine in the hands of Peter Goff, for twenty dollars, as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law, being obtained from me in a fraudulent manner.

JOSEPH CRANDLE.

Clearfield county, Oct. 14th 1823.

SIX CENTS REWARD.

Runaway from the subscriber, living in Potter township, Centre county an indented apprentice to the shoemaking trade, named

JOHN LONG,

aged about 20 years, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair, fair complexion, and had on when he went away, a wool hat a dark roundabout and brown hollan pantaloons. The above reward will be give, but no thanks, to any person who will apprehend said runaway. All persons are also warned not to trust or harbor said runaway on account of the subscriber.

JOSHUA WAY.

Potter township, Oct'r 1, 1823.

NOTICE.

The subscriber purchased from *John Rowe,* a tract of land in Halfmoon township, Centre county, part of the consideration whereof he paid, and gave his notes payable in shoes for the balance, viz. One for $174 17 cents dated 22nd February 1823, payable 1st July 1823, on which has been paid $122; another for a like sum, of the same date, payable 1st of July 1824; another for a like sum of the same date, payable 1st July 1825. As a difficulty has arisen as to the title of Mr. Rowe, I hereby forwarn all persons not to take an assignment on these notes as I will not pay them until the title is perfected.

WILLIAM LIGHTY.

Halfmoon, September 6, 1823.

10 Dollars
Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Monday the 6th inst. an indented apprentice to the Boot & Shoe making named

Joseph Hamilton,

about 19 years old, 5 feet four or five inches high, dark hair and dark complexion. He had on when he went away a bottle green cloth coat, about half worn, blue jacket, Nankeen Pantaloons, and new shoes. It is supposed he has gone towards Sunbury or Bellefonte. Any person apprehending the above boy and delivering him to the subscriber in Lewistown, shall have the above reward and all reasonble charges paid.

HENRY BUTLER.

BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.

IN PHILADELPHIA.

WHICH WILL BE CAREFULLY REVISED AND CORRECTED WEEKLY AT THIS OFFICE.

United States Branches,	¼ ct. dis.
Boston,	1 do
New-Hampshire,	2 do
Connecticut,	1 do
New-York City banks	par
New-York country notes	1 to 5
New-Jersey.	
Trenton,	1 dis
Mount Holly,	par
Cumberland,	do
Newark,	do
Brunswick Bank,	do
Sussex Bank,	do
State Bank at Trenton,	do
At Elizabethtown	do
At Morristown	do
At Patterson	do
At Brunswick	do
Pennsylvania.	
Philadelphia notes,	par
Germantown	do
Easton Bank,	do
Camden	do
Chester county Bank,	do
West Chester	do
Montgomery county Bank,	do
Northampton Bank,	do
Lancaster Bank,	do
Harrisburg Bank	do
Farmers bk. of Reading,	do.
BANK NOTES AT A DISCOUNT.	
Far. Bank Bucks co.	1
Carlisle Bank,	1½
New Hope Bridge,	1
Bank at Milton,	15
Chambersburg,	1½
York Bank,	1½
Gettysburg,	1
Swatara Bank,	1
Pittsburg Notes,	1
Centre Bank	6
Columbia bridge com.	2
Greensburg	8
Brownsville	6

Justices and Constables
BLANKS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

A COUNTING HOUSE

ALMANAC

For the Year of our Lord

1824,

BEING BISSEXTILE OR LEAP-YEAR,
AND
THE 48th AND 49th OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE.

	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
January					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
February	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29						
March		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
April					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
May							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
June			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30			
July					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
August	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
September				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
October						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
November		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
December				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	

MOON'S PHASES.

	D.	H.	M.	
New M.	1	3	6	M
First qar.	9	7	35	M
Full M.	16	3	49	M
Last qar	22	9	45	A
New M.	30	10	47	A
First qar.	7	10	2	A
Full M.	14	2	23	A
Last qar	21	0	14	A
New M.	29	5	37	A
First qar	8	9	8	M
Full M	15	0	36	M
Last qar	22	6	10	M
New M.	30	10	1	M
First qar	6	5	12	A
Full M.	13	10	46	M
Last qar	21	1	9	M
New M.	28	11	24	A
First qar	5	11	14	A
Full M	12	9	30	A
Last qar	20	7	36	A
New M.	28	10	2	M
First qar	4	4	8	M
Full M.	11	9	37	M
Last qar	19	0	20	A
New M.	26	6	38	A
First qar	3	9	30	M
Full M.	10	11	19	A
Last qar	19	2	56	M
New M.	26	2	8	M
First qar	1	4	54	A
Full M.	9	2	31	A
Last qar	17	3	31	A
New M	24	9	26	M
First qar	31	3	42	M
Full M.	8	6	38	M
Last qar	16	2	16	M
New M.	22	5	26	A
First qar	29	6	31	A
Full M.	7	10	55	A
Last qar	15	11	25	M
New M.	22	3	2	M
First qar	29	1	1	A
Full M.	6	2	41	A
Last qar	13	7	12	A
New M.	20	3	0	A
First qar	28	9	54	M
Full M.	6	5	24	M
Last qar	13	2	43	M
New M.	20	5	39	M
First qar.	28	7	17	M

ECLIPSES.

There will be five Eclipses this year, viz.——1 Of the Sun, on the first of January, at 6 minutes after 3, A. M, invisible ——2. Of the Moon, on the 16th of January, vizible: beginning at 19 minutes past 2, and ending at 9 minutes past 5 in the morning.——3. Of the Sun, on the 26th of June, at 7 minutes past 7 in the evening; partly visible ——4. Of the Moon, on the 10th of July, visible: beginning at 25 minutes past 10, and ending at 53 minutes past 11, in the evening.——5. Of the Sun, on the 20th of December; invisible.

Another year has closed.—Let us enquire of ourselves whether we have closed the labours and duties of it as we ought. Let no one be disposed to say, how short has been the past year, until he has examined whether he has made a wise and suitable improvement of the three hundred and sixty-five days which has been allowed him. Has no part of this time hung heavily upon your hands? Are there no blanks, no wastes to be found in our reckoning since the first day of January 1823? It is to be feared that we have greater cause to regret the mis-improvement, than the shortness of our time.

The fields which but a few days past were clothed in youth and beauty, present to us now, but a dreary prospect. This should make us thoughtful—it is a lesson full of instruction. But even winter and age bring with them their enjoyments and comforts, when the spring, summer and autumn have been rightly improved. This is the season for contemplation, for intellectual improvement, and for repose.—There is nothing better for a man, said Solomon, than that he should eat and drink, and that he should make his soul enjoy good in his labour.

He, who is in want of witnesses, in order to be good, has neither virtue nor religion.

THE PATRIOT

Notfor himself, but for his country."

WEDESDAY, January 7, 1824

In this week's paper we present to our readers the proceedings of a meeting of some of the citizens of Allegheny county, recommending a convention to be held at Huntingdon in March next, to nominate electors favorable to General Jackson as President of the United States. We have also seen the proceedings of another meeting of the citizens of Allegheny county, protesting against the measures adopted by their brethren, and proposing to support General Jackson, or any other man who may be nominated by a *Congressional Caucus* This system, they allege, has given us all our late excellent Presidents, and ought not to be abandoned. We would gladly submit their further views upon the subject to our readers, but the paper that contains their proceedings has been mislaid.

It may be proper to remark, that both these meetings are styled "DEMOCRATIC." Whether such is the fact, we cannot determine. The principles they both hold forth are orthodox; but in our day, *professions* are but a wretched criterion by which to try politicians. That has been fully demonstrated during the last electioneering campaign for Governor. From our knowledge of the men whose names appear in the proceedings of the Allegheny meetings, we would not pretend to determine which deserves the title they each assume, but would nevertheless state, that some of the men who seem favorable to a Congressional nomination, are, and ever have been, sound and undeviating democrats.

We would not have it presumed that we are unfavorable to the election of General Jackson. We are in favor of the democratic candidate, be he who he may; and whenever that is ascertained, every thing that we can do, shall be done, to promote his cause. If either General Jackson, or Mr. Calhoun, or Mr. Crawford, or Mr. Adams is nominated, we shall cheerfully support him, and we would do so, because we would be complying with the wishes and feelings of the democratic party, and promoting the principles which it holds. There is one thing relative to General Jackson worth mentioning. Almost every Federalist and Federal Editor in Pennsylvania, with one or two exceptions, is his friend, and seems anxious for his election. This is nothing in his favor. It is also alleged that in case of success, De Witt Clinton is to be Secretary of State. Now a man more deservedly obnoxious to the democrats of Pennsylvania does not exist The Columbian Observer, one of the first of General Jackson's friends, is loud in praise of Clinton; indeed says more for him than for the General. Now the people well recollect that this same Clinton permitted his name to be used in opposition to to Mr Madison, at one of the most critical periods of the history of our country—when the question was, submission, or resistance to British aggression. Such a man never can receive any favors at the hands of a Pennsylvanian. If, therefore the democratic friends of General Jackson wish to advance his interests, they had better keep silence as to Clinton, for they may depend upon it he is no favorite with the people.

PRESIDENTIAL QUESTION.

The manner of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, seems to perplex and distract the democratic party of the Union more than is desirable.

The Federalists are very busy, although we do not hear them, and will have one to whom they will adhere, so sure as there will be an election. The democratic party is likely to have several candidates, which will produce one of two effects: We will either have a Federal President, or the election will be cast upon the House of Representatives. It is believed that the friends of one of the candidates are endeavoring to effect this, believing that he would have a much better chance there than before the people. It ought therefore to be avoided if possible. There would be no difficulty if there were but one democratic candidate; but how is this to be attained? A special convention cannot be held, and a congressional caucus is liable to objections.

If, however, we are to have more than one democratic candidate, we believe the inclination of the people of Pennsylvania will be towards J. C. CALHOUN. Of all those named he is liable to the least objection. J. Q Adams is supported by Robert Walsh—Wm. H. Crawford has too much "bargain and sale" about him—General Jackson is a worthy, and no doubt a deserving man, but he is too much disposed to "*cut the ears*" out of the heads of those who will not favour his designs. J. C. CALHOUN is, and ever has been, a thorough-going Democratic Republican; of sterling abilities, and in the meridian of life. Although not yet 50 years of age, he has merited and enjoyed some of the most important offices in our government, the duties of which he has discharged faithfully and honestly. In addition to this, he is a man of firmness, and will in his relations with Foreign Powers, sustain the dignity and character of our nation.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN MEETING,

At a very numerous meeting of Democratic Republican Citizens of Allegheny County, friendly to the election of ANDREW JACKSON, to the office of President of the United States, held at the Court-house in the City of Pittsburg on Friday evening November 11th. 1823.

CHARLES KENNEY, Esq of Mifflin township was called to the chair.

Dr. JOSEPH GAZZAM, and Mr. JAMES A. ARMSTRONG, appointed Secretaries

The following preamble and resolutions, offered by R. J. WALKER, were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS,—The election of President of the United States is now approaching, it becomes the duty of the people to express their views on so important a subject. Although it cannot be doubted that the Democratic party of Pennsylvania is almost unanimously in favor of the election of ANDREW JACKSON, to that distinguished station, it is also certain, that insiduous attempts are now contemplated by a few designing individuals to repress the voice of the people by means of a congressional nomination; and whereas such a nomination is unnecessary, anti-republican, dangerous and unconstitutional, and whereas the delegation system is deemed the land mark of Democracy in Pennsylvania, vital to its continued ascendency, and the only method by which the voice of the people can be fairly expressed.

RESOLVED,—That this meeting recommend to the Democratic Republican friends of Andrew Jackson in this state to hold meetings in their respective counties, and elect so many delegates as they are entitled to Representatives in the lower house of the state Legislature to a convention for the purpose of nominating an electoral ticket for the state friendly to Andrew Jackson:

RESOLVED,—That this meeting recommend *Huntingdon* as the *place* and the third Monday of March next as the *time* for holding this convention

RESOLVED—That all elections in a Republican government should be made by the people.

RESOLVED—That the right of nominating is also vested in the people alone, and that any nomination unauthorized by them is a gross assumption of their rights, and a palpable violation of Democratic principles.

RESOLVED—That this meeting disapprove of any nomination of a president of the United States, by our representatives in congress.

BECAUSE, such nomination is anti-republican—a fraud on the right of suffrage, and productive of gross abuses and dangerous intrigues.

BECAUSE it is a violation of the spirit of the constitution, which disqualifies our representatives in congress from serving as electors of President, and if their nomination is to secure the success of any candidate, such nomination would in fact amount to a vertual election.

BECAUSE such a course as is now proposed, not with the view of procuring an amendment of the constitution, vesting the election of President in the people, but with the avowed object of obstructing the operation of its specific provisions.

BECAUSE, however objectionable an election by the states may be, should the people fail to elect a President in the electoral college, it is not so dangerous as a virtual election by congress *before* the people have been permitted to express their voice.

RESOLVED—That this meeting pledge themselves to support ANDREW JACKSON, for the office of President of the United States,

BECAUSE, he has ever been a firm and undeviating Democratic republican.

BECAUSE, he was an active and conspicuous Democrat when other pretenders to Democracy were engaged in expressing their confidence in the Federal dynasty of '98.

BECAUSE, he is the only surviving soldier of the Revolution, whom the suffrages of a gratefully people can elevate to the Presidential chair.

BECAUSE, he has devoted his life to the service of his country, and concluded her second struggle with glory and renown.

BECAUSE, he is not only an incorruptible patriot, and intriped soldier, but an enlightened statesman, no less distinguished in the cabinet than in the field.

ON MOTION RESOLVED—That Charles Kenney, Esq (*of Mifflin,*) Edward Patchell, John Irwin, (*of Ross,*) Ross Wilkins, Esq. Doctor Joseph Gazzam, R. J. Walker, Esq. Andrew Scott, Joseph Cooper, (*of St. Clair,*) Thomas Brown, Esq. (*of Moon*) David Blair, H. G. Pius, and Samuel Hare, Esq (*of Birmingham,*) be a committee to correspond with other Democratic Republican committees of the friends of ANDREW JACKSON, and that they be authorized to publish an address, expressive of the sense of this meeting

RESOLVED—That Edward Patchell' Ross Wilkins, Esq. and John Irwin, (*of Ross,*) be requested to attend the convention as Delegates from Allegheny county, and that they be instructed to support a Democratic Republican electoral ticket, favorable to ANDREW JACKSON.

RESOLVED—That these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretaries, and published in the Pittsburgh Statesman, and all other Democratic Republican papers in the state and Union.

CHARLES KENNEY
Chairman.

JOSEPH GAZZAM
JAMES A. ARMSTRONG
Secretaries.

Proceedings
Of the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

IN SENATE.

Monday, Dec. 29,

Mr Coryngham presented a book to the State Library, from the translator, entitled "Frederick the seventh, or a dramatic Sketch of the recent revolution in Spain." He also presented a petition from the citizens of the 8 h Judicial district, praying for an alteration of the law of February 24, 1806, touching the case, to compel judges to deliver their charges to juries in writing, if demanded, previous to the rendering of a verdict.

The Speaker laid before Senate, a letter from the Auditor General stating that he had delivered the usual number of the report of the finances, for the past year.

Mr Groves reported two bill, viz A supplement to an act entitled "An act to prevent the practice of wagering or betting on elections,"

An act to alter and amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections within this commonwealth.

Mr Coryngham offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the state treasurer be and is hereby requested, on or before the 10 h day of January next, to transmit to senate, a statement of duties paid by retailers of foreign merchandize, received in each year, from the treasurer of the city of Philadelphia and of each county."

Mr Barnard offered the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the judiciary committee be instructed to enquire into the expediency of so extending the act for holding special courts of common pleas, as to authorize the Presidents of the adjacent district, to try all causes wherein the President of the proper district cannot with propriety act."

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 24, 1823.

Mr. M'Clay presented a petition from Elizabeth Seillimer widow of an old soldier, for a continuation of her late husband's pension.

Mr. Hutter presented a petition for aid to a road through Smith's Gap, in Northampton county.

Mr E. Lewis presented two petitions for extension of charter of Bank of Chester county.

Mr. Reynolds' three petitions for extension of charter of Lancaster Bank.

Mr. Beeson for extension of charter of Monongahela Bank of Brownsville.

Mr. E. Lewis presented nine petitions for a charter to the Farmers Brewing company.

Mr. Ritner presented a petition from Mary Vanostrand, praying to have certain property, late of her son, who had died without heir, vested in her.

Mr. Sterigere reported a bill, "A supplement to the act entitled "An act to enable the governor to incorporate a company for making an artificial road from the Springhouse Tavern, in Montgomery county, to the borough of Northampton, in the county or Lehigh, and to the town of Bethlehem, in the county of Northampton."

Mr. Ritner read a bill in his place "An act for the relief of Simon Krewson, Joseph Dearman and John Blake, revolutionary soldiers.

Mr. Sullivan read a bill in his place "An act to incorporate a company for making a turnpike road from Butler to the Ohio state line, through New-

castle."

Bill No. 25, supplement concerning strays, was read a third time an passed.

PRINCETON COLLEGE.

Extract from Princeton, December 25

"There was, about two weeks since some disturbance in the College, which wore the appearance of rebellion. The particulars, as I have heard them related, were these: One of the students, for some misconduct, had been suspended by the faculty; but this measure not squaring exactly with the notions of right entertained by a few of his companions, they set themselves at work to rectify it. Having called a meeting of the students, they bound themselves by a written obligation not to recite until their companion should be restored. I have understood, that there were about *thirty* who thus pledged themselves. The officers of the institution took immediate cognizance of this proceeding, and of the factious persons; but permitted them either to make a suitable apology for so gross a violation of decorum, or to take a dismission. As they did not stoop to an immediate apology, the greater part were *sent home to their parents for permission to be dismissed.* I understand that several of them have already returned, and have made a proper confession. The affair did not amount to an open rebellion; nor did it materially disturb the tranquility of the college. All has since been quiet and peaceable. The young men acted in a foolish and precipitate manner; they mistook the man they had to deal with in Dr. Carnahan. Though mild, he appears to be firm and inflexible, and to govern with a steady hand; and I was told, that most of the delinquents went home, heartily wishing themselves out of the business. I did hear that one of the professors and a tutor went into the room where they assembled with their hats on, and were ordered to pull them off, which they refused to do; but I did not hear that martial law so far ruled, that they were put under arrest for disobedience. These are the facts as I have heard them; and the affray may be of advantage to the college, as it will shew that there is some discipline and authority in it. *Com Adv.*

We learn from good authority that the United States bank has already received at their office in Cincinnati real estate to the amount of one million of dollars at the prices it was received at!

The treasurer of the Greek Fund in New York, has received 102 dollars from Whitehall, Washington county; and 14 dollars and 50 cents from the servants of the City Hotel.

FROM THE NEW YORK AMERICAN

A meeting in favor of the Greeks has been held in Boston, and resolutions in the best spirit adopted. Professor EVERETT was appointed secretray to the committee.

Piracy.—The crew of the pr- teer brig named *Scipio* is stated in a letter from St. Thomas of the 18th ult. to have mutinied at Porto Rico and after doubling her complement of men, to have commenced piracy in the Mona Passage, by plundering two or three Havanna vessels. And what have they to fear even should they be taken, tried and convicted in our courts of justice?

LATEST FROM SPAIN.

Captain Winsor, of the brig Susan, arrived at Boston from Malaga, states that Ceuta had been taken possession of by the French, who had openly declared they would never give it up so long as the English held possession of the Rock of Gibraltar.

MARRIED—On Thursday the 1st instant, by the Rev. James Linn, Mr. SAMUEL BLAIR to Miss MARGARET EAKINS, both of Potter township, Centre county.

List of Letters remaining at the Post Office at Bellefonte, on the 1st January 1824.

Alexander Elenor, Alloways William, Adams Stephney, Boyle Thomas, Beschiez David 3, Bushy Michael, Baird Sam'l, Bole Henry, Barr John 2, Butter Divan, Barker David, Bartourst Antis, Carey Jane, Crawford Robert, Cummings Alexander, Conrod John, Callahan Charles 2, Craddock Thomas, Davis Sam'l, Evans Mary, Forster James, Feisher Jno. Grube John, Gordon Thomas, Grossman Lawrence, Gary Monsier, Harter John Harvey William, Henry James, Johnston J. Kramer Henry, Loury Ann 2 Long Samuel, Lashell John, Leaner John, Lonberger Lyon, Lewis Mary, Londenberger George, Moore Jacob, Magee Jsaac 3, M'Intire Edward, Middleton Thomas, Meas George, M'Williams James, Means Hugh, M'Kee Andrew, Moore James, M'Clochin William, Moyer Soloman, Meinan Jeremiah, Moore Jain, Moore Thomas, Jr. Malone William L, M'Cormick Michael, O'Donal Charles 2, Ogden Thomas, Petrikin James M, Poorman John, Purdue Edward, Reiter Frederick 2, Robb John, Reihart Adam, Robertson William, Rodgers Edward, Reside James, Russel Evan, Russel James, Rice Jacob, Sellers Balzer, Smith James, Steere Elenor, Snyder Benjamin, Switzer—, Tameny Henry, Turner William, Taxes John B, Welch John, Ward William, Williams Mary, Ward James, Wark David, Watson James, Weimer John, Watson James.

H. Humes, *P. M.*

CAUTION

All persons are hereby cautioned not to take an assignment of a note which a certain Daniel Murray, of Lycoming county, holds of mine, for $13,50, as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled; he having obtained it from me in a fraudulent manner

GIDEON SMITH.

Baldeagle township, Centre county January 1st 1823.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

By order of the Orphans Court of Centre County,

WILL BE EXPOSED TO

PUBLIC VENDUE

in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Monday the 26th inst. a certain

HOUSE & LOT

of ground, with the appurtenances, situate in the town of Milesburg, and numbered in the General plan of said town 30. It being the real estate that was of Charles M'Clane, late of Boggs township, in said county, deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.

One half of the purchase money to be paid when the sale is confirmed, and the ballance in one year. Due attendance will be given by John Hammond administrator.

BY THE COURT,

Certified by

F. B. SMITH, *C. O. C*

TO RENT.

The shop now occupied by Elijah Reeves as a

SILVER SMITH-SHOP.

It is well calculated for any kind of business. For terms apply to the subscriber

WM. WARD.

Bellefonte, Jan. 5, 1824.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the court of common pleas of Centre county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on Monday the 26th of January instant, a certain tract of land containing two hundred acres, be the same more or less, with the appurtenances, situate in Logan township, Centre county. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel M'Kisson by

JOS. BUTLER, *Sh'ff.*

Bellefonte, Jan. 4, 1824.

RELIGIOUS MISCELLANY.

In a few weeks the first year of our editorial labors will be completed; after having furnished our patrons with 832 pages of matter chiefly all of a religious nature. Whether we have secured, in the course we pursued, the approbation of our supporters, generally, or no, we will not undertake to say; we are confident, however, of having labored to secure this. We are really thankful to the religious community, who have secconded our views, in promoting the spread of the information published in the *MISCELLANY*; to our correspondents, and to our patrons at large.

The year which is about to be registered on the catalogue of time, has been marked with many striking events. Missionaries have been sent to Palestine, the Sandwich Islands, and elsewhere, and the white sail, as it glides smoothly o'er the mighty deep, begins to bring good news from far countries. Many things have transpired to make the general religious intelligence, peculiarly interesting. For details of which we refer the reader to our pages.

The one before us, may be anticipated, to transcend the passed one in many particulars, which we cannot here hint at. The journal of the Missionaries, employed in the Holy Land, are deeply interesting, both to the Antiquarian, the Christian and the Historian. These journals will always be published in the Miscellany, and will of themselves, be worth the subscription money required for it. Our correspondents are increasing in number and talents; and there are many societies in the interior of our state, whose reports, when obtained, will be inserted. In short, we will endeavor to make it a miscellaneous work, worthy the patronage of the Christian community.

We ask, in our behalf, the interference of ministers, and other benevolent and influential persons, in obtaining subscribers. And we request Editors, to whom this number is forwarded, to publish this circular, and we will favor them with an exchange.

Our conditions are as follows, which will enable any person disposed, to avail themselves of the work.

FLEMING & GEDDES.

I. The Miscellany is published in the Borough of Carlisle, on Friday of every week, at Two DOLLARS per annum; to be paid half yearly in advance.

II. It is printed on new type and fine paper, in an octavo form; each number containing 16 pages.

III. It comprises, without distinction of sects or party, whatever intelligence is thought to be acceptable to such as wish and pray for the general interests of the Redeemer's kingdom; such as authentic information—with regard to Missions and missionary labors, in all parts of the world;—Bible Societies, Tract Societies, Sabbath Schools and all other associations formed for benevolent purposes—also well attested Narratives of Revivals of religion, Interesting Conversions, Obituary Notices—and whatever may relate to truth and piety.

IV. Original essays upon some practical subject, may occasionally find a place for insertion—but nothing whatever, that is of a controversial nature, also a Summary of the principal events which transpire in the world, both Religious and Political.

V. Any person procuring ten subscribers and becoming responsible for the same, shall receive the eleventh copy as a compensation.

A title page and index shall accompany the last number of each volume.

☞ Letters post paid and directed to the Editors of the Miscellany, Carlisle, Pa. will be attended to.

☞ *Subscriptions received at this office, where a sample of the work can be seen.*

Administration Acc'ts.

TAKE NOTICE, that the following Administration Accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed in my office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others concerned, and will be presented to the next Orphan's Court, to be held at Bellefonte, in and for the county of Centre, on Tuesday the 27th day of January next, for confirmation and allowance.

1st. The Administration Account of James Duncan and William Rankin, executors of the last will and testament of James Cooke, late of Haines township, dec'd.

2d. The Administration Account of Michael Mosser and George Peters, administrators of all and singular the goods and chattles of George Zubler, late of Haines township, dec'd.

3d. The Guardianship Account of John Keen, Guardian of Magdalene Krumrine, minor daughter of Henry Krumrine, late of Haines township, dec'd.

4th. The Guardianship Account of David Barber, Guardian of George and Sarah M'Cormick, minor children of John M'Cormick, late of Ferguson township, dec'd.

FRANKLIN B. SMITH, *Reg'r.*

Register's office, Bellefonte, December 26, 1823.

Creditors take Notice,

That we have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of Centre county, for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this commonwealth, and they have appointed Monday the 26th day of January next, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the court house in the Borough of Bellefonte.

WM. HUNTER,
ABRAHAM BIDDLE,
JOHN SIDEL.
FRANCIS BOYCE,
EZEK'L ZIMERMAN.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are cautioned not to take an assignment of a note which I gave to BERNARD DOUGHERTY for $60, dated in the month of November last, as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law.

David Bodle.

Spring township, Dec. 27th, 1823.

STRAY HOGS.

Came to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Spring township, Centre county, early in last spring, two sandy coloured

SEED HOGS,

one marked. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

THOMAS M'CLELLAND.

Spring township, Dec'r 30, 1823.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber purchased from Joel Ferree a lot of land, in Lamar township, Centre county, and the said Joel Ferree engaged to build and completely finish a frame House on said lot, in part of the consideration whereof I gave him two promisory notes; one on Henry Stoner for $25, due in May 1818, and the other on John C. Skinner for $65,59 cents, due in September last. As a difficulty has arisen as to the title of Mr. Feree, and his not fulfilling his contract, I do hereby notify all persons not to take an assignment on these notes, nor pay them to any person but the subscriber.

Stephen Heard.

December, 22, 1823.

County Collectors take NOTICE,

THAT unless you settle off your respective duplicates, including 1822, at the next January Court, suits will be brought against all delinquents, as the County orders *must be paid*, and the state of the funds require compulsion to meet them.

J. M. PETRIKIN, *Treas'r.*

Bellefonte, Dec. 30, 1823.

ASTRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Ferguson township, Centre County, some time in October last,

A Brindle Heifer,

with a white spot on her forehead, between two and three years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs.

THOMAS CUNINGHAM.

December 20, 1823.—¶3t.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL BE SOLD

At public sale, on Friday the 30th day of January next, at the Inn of *Isreal Pennington* in Aaronsburg, a lease of

THREE YEARS,

commencing on the 1st day of April next, of that very valuable tract of land, containing about

350

ACRES, distant one mile from Aaronsburg, now in the tenure of Peter Homan. This land is of superior quality; it is well watered; is in good order, and has thereon a good

HOUSE & BARN,

together with an orchard—

ALSO,

In the same manner, will be sold at the public house of Jacob Maize in Youngmanstown, on Saturday the 31st day of January next, a similar lease of that fine farm of

450

ACRES, about two miles from said Town, now under lease to John Kauffman. This farm is as good as that above described. Terms for the above leases are a money rent, payable yearly: those as to mode of farming—plaster to be sown, &c. will be made on the days of sale, by

WM. H. HALL, *Agent for the Heirs of Wm. Maclay Jr. Decees'd.*

December 18th 1823.

TO RENT

That well known

HOUSE & LOT,

situate in the Borough of Bellefonte formerly occupied by *John M'Kee* as a *TAVERN*. There is on the premises a commodious

STABLE,

well calculated for tavernkeeping. The above premises will be rented to any person wishing to commence Tavernkeeping, or to a private family. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next. For terms apply to the subscriber

ELIZABETH M'KEE Sr.

Bellefonte, December 24th 1823.

PROCLAMATION.

Notice is Hereby Given

THAT a court of Common Pleas General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Orphan's court, in and for the county of Centre, will be held at the court house in the Borough of Bellefonte on Monday the 26th day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, of which the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables within said county will take notice, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done; and all suitors, jurors and witnesses are also requested to be and attend at said court, and not depart without leave.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte this seventeenth day of December A. D. one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three.

JOSEPH BUTLER, *Sh'ff.*

PENNSYLVANIA INTELLIGENCER,

Legislative Reports.

This paper will report the proceedings of the legislature, as usual.

The terms of subscription will be the same as heretofore.

For the session only, $1 50

For 6 months, session included, 2 00

For the year, 3 00

No doubt the proceedings this session will be unusually interesting. The matters that are expected to come before the legislature are very important. The most prominent of these will be the renewal of the *bank charters*; the *free road* question; appropriations to various objects of improvement; among which will probably be the Potomac and Ohio canal. There will be, we are happy to say, much *talent* and *experience*, in the legislature; and we have no doubt that every public question will receive a due share of *attention*, *deliberation* and *discussion*.

We shall endeavor to keep our readers apprized of the progress of business—giving a general epitome of the arguments, on public questions, & some of the speeches, at length.

Such as wish to avail themselves of the whole history of the proceedings, had better send their names early:

Good opportunities will be afforded by the members to make applications

Harrisburg Nov. 21.

HARRISBURG CHRONICLE,

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS

The proceedings of the Legislature of Pennsylvania will be reported for the Chronicle at the ensuing session, as they have been for several years past, briefly, faithfully, and impartially. The Chronicle will be issued twice a week, at $1 50 the session to be paid in advance.

It has not been the practice of the editor of this paper to make extensive promises with regard to any of his undertakings, and he does not intend to enter upon it now. The size of this sheet, and the necessity that exists of devoting a part of it to adveritsements, are of themselves bars to the publication of every thing that is said and done in the legislative body.—All, therefore, that we wish to be expected of us, is what we know we have the ability to perform, and that is to furnish a brief sketch of the origin, progress and termination of all matters agitated, with a condensed view of the arguments advanced upon subjects of a general nature, and occasionally, what we conceive to be, the best of the arguments at length. The re-chartering of the Banks, the Ways and Means, the Free Road, &c. are topics that will claim much of the attention of the Legislature, and of the people, and of the proceedings upon them our patrons shall have early and accurate advice.

November 13, 1823.

THE PATRIOT.

Eloquence the soul, song charms the sense.

BELLEFONTE, JANUARY 7, 1824.

SELECTED.

FROM THE NEW YORK COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

TO MY MOTHER.

What shall I bear thee, mother dear,
When thy embrace again I greet,
And feel upon my cheek the tear
That flows when child and parent meet?

What shall I bear thee? Wealth and fame?
Or gems that grew beneath the wave?
Gold have I not, and glory's flame
Is but a light to gild the grave!

Nor gold, nor gems, nor fame to thee,
My mother will thy offspring bear.
Mean such reward indeed would be
For all thy love—for all thy care.

But I shall bear to thy kind breast,
What Heaven nor thee will e'er reject—
A wasted form, pale sorrow's guest;
A broken heart—a spirit wreck'd.

BOSTON BARD.

THE BROKEN HEART.

"*The proud who suffer pain,*
"*Their agony will never show.*"—BYRON.

Their is a grief that doth not wring
The bosom with a single sigh,
That doth not shape the brow, nor bring
The moisture from the heavy eye:
But live where men cannot intrude,
Of human things, a thing apart,
In the deep bosom's solitude,
And there it feasts upon the heart.

It is quite a reveller,
As is the noiseless coffin-worm,
That lone and sullen banqueter,
That battens on the human form—
No wassail shout, no song of glee,
Is heard within that narrow dome,
No echoes tell the revelry
That cheers the earth-worm in his home.

Such is that sorrow's festival,
But ah! it hath a higher prey,
A loftier victim in its thrall,
A nobler mansion than the clay—
That wasting sorrow doth inherit
A palace formed with wondrous art,
That palace is the human spirit—
The victim is the *Broken Heart.*

From the Literary Gazette.

TO ——.

'Tis all too true—that faded cheek,
That sunken eye,
Those accents tremulous and weak,
That tear, that sigh,—
With idle hope I've watch'd thy brow
From day to day;—
'Tis vain—a little while, and thou
Wilt pass away!

Nay, dear one! cease that soothing look,
That soothing tone,
Thou dost not think that I could brook
To be alone.
Thou wilt not say that I could bear
On this dear spot
To seek thy footsteps every where,
And find it not!

That Sun will shine as bright above
In other days;
The Moon we used to watch and love,
Still win my gaze;
The flowers shar'd our gentlest care,
May still bloom on,
Our bird pour fourth its song; but where
Wilt *thou* be gone?

Mine eyes must close—where can they seek
For ought so dear?
My lips be mute—why *should* I speak?
Thou wilt not hear!
So, dearest! cease that soothing look,
That soothing tone;
Thou dost not think that I could brook
To be alone!

A remarkable account of the resuscitation of life, in the case of the Rev. William Tennent, of Freehold, New Jersey; communicated by the Rev. Samuel Austin, of Worcester.

"The late Rev. William Tennent, of Freehold, in the county of Monmouth, in the state of New Jersey of whom is related the following account, was the second son of the Rev William Tennent, minister of the gospel at Neshaminey, in Bucks county Pennsylvania After a regular course of study in theology, Mr. Tennent, was preparing for his examination by the presbytery, as a candidate for the gospel ministry. His intense application affected his health, and brought on a pain in his breast, and a slight hectic. He soon became emaciated, and at length was like a living skeleton His life was now threatened. He was attended by a physician, a young gentleman, who was attached to him by the strictest and warmest friendship. He grew worse and worse, till little hope of life was left. In this situation, his spirits failed, and he began to entertain doubts of his final happiness. He was conversing one morning with his brother, in Latin, on the state of his soul, when he fainted and died away. After the usual time, he was laid out on a board, according to the common practice of the country; and the neighbourhood were invited to attend his funeral on the next day.

"In the evening his physician and friend returned from a ride into the country, and was afflicted beyond measure at the news of his death, He could not be persuaded it was certain, and being told that one of the persons who had assisted in laying out the body thought he had observed a little trembling of the flesh, under the arm, although the body was cold and stiff, he endeavoured to ascertain the fact. He first put his hand into warm water, to make it as sensible as possible, and then felt under the arm, and at the heart, and affirmed he felt an unusual warmth, though no one else could. He had the body restored to a warm bed; and insisted that the people, who had been invited to the funeral, should be requested not to attend. To this the brother (in whose house he then was) objected, as absurd, the eyes being sunk, the lips discoloured, and the whole body cold and stiff; however, the doctor finally prevailed; and all probable means were used to discover symptoms of returning life. But the third day arrived, and no hopes were entertained of success, but by the doctor, who never left him night nor day. The people were again invited, and assembled to attend the funeral. The doctor still objected; and at last confined his request of delay to one hour, and finally to a quarter of an hour. He had discovered that the tongue was much swoln, and threatened to crack; he was endeavoring to soften it by some emmollient ointment, put upon it with a feather, when the brother came in, about the expiration of the last period, and mistaking what the doctor was doing for an attempt to feed him, manifested some resentment, and in a spirited tone said, "It is shameful to be feeding a lifeless corpse;" and insisted, with earnestness, that the funeral should immediately proceed. At this critical and important moment, the body, to the great alarm and astonishment of all present, opened its eyes, gave a dreadful groan, and sunk again into apparent death. This put an end to all thoughts of burying him, and every effort was again employed, in hopes of bringing about a speedy resuscitation. In about an hour the eyes again opened, a heavy groan proceeded from the body, and again all appearance of animation vanished—In another hour life seemed to return with some power, and a complete revival took place, to the great joy of the family and friends, and to the no small astonishment and conviction of very many, who had been ridiculing the idea of restoring to life a dead body.

"Mr. Tennent continued in so weak and low a state for six weeks, that great doubts were entertained of his final recovery; however, after that period he recovered much faster, but it was about twelve weeks before he was completely restored. After he was able to walk the room, and to take notice of what passed around him, on a Sunday afternoon, his sister who had stayed from church to attend him, was reading the bible, when he took notice of it and asked her what she had in her hand. She answered, that she was reading the bible. He replied, What is the bible? I know not what you mean. This affected the sister so much that she burst into tears, and informed him that he was once well acquainted with it. On her reporting this to her brother, when he returned, Mr. Tennent was found, upon examination, to be totally ignorant of every transaction of his life previous to his sickness. He could not read a single word, neither did he seem to have any idea what it meant. As soon as he became capable of attention, he was taught to read and write, as children are usually taught, and afterwards began to learn the Latin language, under the tuition of his brother. One day, as he was reciting a lesson in Cornelios Nepos, he suddenly started, clapped his hand to his head, as if something had hurt him, and made a pause. His brother asked him what was the matter; he said that he felt a sudden shock in his head, and it now seemed to him as if he had read the book before. By degrees his recollection was restored, and he could speak the Latin as fluently as before his sickness. His memory so completely revived, that he gained a perfect knowledge of the past transactions of his life, as if no difficulty had previously occurred.* This event, at the time, made considerable noise and furnished a subject of deep investigation and learned enquiry to the real philosopher and curious anatomist.

"The candid reader is left to his own reflections on this interesting subject. The facts have been stated, and they are unquestionable;

"As soon as circumstances would permit Mr. Tennent was licenced, and began to preach the everlasting gospel with great zeal and success. The death of his brother, who had been some time settled as minister of the Presbyterian church at Freehold, in the county of Monmouth, New Jersey, left that congregation in a destitute state. They had experienced so much spiritual benefit from the indefatigable labors and pious zeal of this able minister of Jesus Christ, and they soon turned their attention to his brother, who was received on trial, and after one year was found to be no unworthy successor of so excellent a predecessor. In October, 1733, Mr. Tennent, was regularly ordained their pastor, and continued so through the whole of a pretty long life, one of the best proofs of ministerial fidelity."

* In a letter from the successor of Mr. Tennent, in the pastoral charge of his church, to the author of this account, dated Monmouth, New Jersey, December 10, 1805, we find the following paragraph:

"Mr. Tennent informed me, that he had so entirely lost the recollection of his past life, and the benefit of his former studies, that he could neither understand what was spoken to him, nor write nor read his own name. That he had to begin all anew, and did not recollect that he had ever read before, until he had again learned his letters, and able to pronounce the monosyllables, such as *thee* and *thou*; but that as his strength returned, which was very slowly, his memory also returned.

INFALIBILITY.

Most men, as well as most sects in religion, think themselves in possession of all truth, and that wherever others differ from them, it is so far error. Steel, in a dedication, tells the pope that the only differences in our two churches in their opinions of the certainty of their doctrines is, that the Romish church is *infallible*, and the church of England is *never in the wrong*. But though many private persons think almost as highly of their infallibility as that of their sect few express it so naturally as a certain French lady, who in a little dispute with her sister, said 'But I meet with no body but myself that is *always* in the right."

STUMP ORATORY

Immediately after the late war, a captain H——, who had distinguished himself somewhat under General Harrison, offered himself a candidate for the Legislature of Kentucky It being customary in the west for a candidate so offering, to express his political sentiments, such as military parades, and barbicues on the fourth of July, in Captain H's first essay from the stump he made use of the words *sine qua nan*, which were not understood by one of his audience, who requested the Capt. to tell him the meaning of that new coined word that he had made much use of in his speech. The Captain himself did not understand the phrase, but was not at a loss for an answer. 'It means,' says he, 'three islands in Passamaquody Bay, which the rascally English want to deprive us of, but we'll fight them till all's blue before they shall have them.' The explanation was so satisfactory that the man huzzaed for Capt H. and declared, or rather swore, that Mr. H. was his man for the next Legislature.

SICKNESS.

There is something in Sickness that breaks down the pride of manhood; that softens the heart, and brings it back to the feelings of infancy. Who that has suffered even in advanced life, in sickness and despondency—who that has pined on a weary bed in the neglect and loneliness of a foreign land—but has thought on the mother "that looked on his childhood," that smoothed his pillow, and administered to his helplessness. Oh! there is an enduring tenderness in the love of a mother to a son, that transcends all other affections of the heart. It is neither to be chilled by selfishness, nor daunted by danger, nor weakened by worthlessness, nor stifled by ingratitude. She will sacrifice every comfort to his convenience; she will surrender every pleasure to his enjoyment; she will glory in his fame and exult in his prosperity; and, if adversity overtake him, he will be dearer to her by misfortune; and if disgrace settle upon his name, she will still love and cherish him; and if the world beside cast him off, she will be all the world to him.

Sketch Book.

When General Jackson entered New Orleans in the year after the memorable defeat of the British, the manager of the theatre waited on him, to solicit the honor of his presence at one of the performances. This being promised it was agreed to compliment him with a song composed for the occasion. The performers were all Frenchmen, and none of them very conversant with the English language; but the best among them was selected, and when the curtains rose, the General who sat in the stage box was surprised at hearing his feats recorded in a song to the tune of God save the King. The chorus will give some idea of this song, which afforded much mirth to the Americans who were present—

"God shave General Sackson
God shave General Shackson,
He be one very great man,
He shave New Orleans,
God shave General Shackson."

Whenever the name of the General occurred, the performer turned to him and made a profound bow in the most approved Parisian fashion

Port Folio.

A WONDERFUL JUMP, OR THE IRISHMAN OUTWITTED.

On Friday the 11th instant, one of the many Irishmen now infesting the country, by hawking cloth, entered Red Lion Inn, Winsor, and after teasing the watermen that usually resort to that house, to purchase without effect, one of them drily asked him how much he would take for the number of yards he should be able to jump. The Hibernian replied, "three shillings." The bargain was made, and the waterman mounted the battlement of Windsor bridge with the end of the piece of cloth in his hand, and leaped to the bottom of the river Weaver, taking with him the piece of cloth. The Irishman afterwards compromised with the waterman for 12 yards.

TOO MUCH OF A GOOD THING.

A certain country 'squire had a *warren*, and the village curate was, Sunday after Sunday, regailed with the delicacy of Rabbits, till he became so sick of them, that he took the liberty of *hinting* his dislike of the standing dish to the host, in the following grace, on rising from the table:

"Of rabbits *hot*, of rabbits *cold*,
Of rabbits *tender*, rabbits *tough*,
Of rabbits *young* of rabbits *old*,
"I thank thee, Lord, we've had enough;

A remarkable musical Parrot.

The celebrated composer Vogler is a great friend of Birds, and has always a number of them in the room where he composes: among others he was complimented with a beautiful parrot, the exceeding fine voice of which tempted him to try an experiment. Accordingly he sang and plaid the scale to him, but to no purpose; until he perceived the bird attentive to D upon the fourth line in the treble; he then began by that note, and the bird soon attained a full octave upwards; but to keep him in tune and spirits, he used to shew him a chesnut as a reward. Now he endeavored to bring him higher, but the effort of the bird was truly laughable; he tried the note, and finding it too hard for him, he set up a screaming with all his might, beat his wings against the cage, and appeared in the utmost agitation. Vogler then composed some airs to the compass of his pupils voice, which he readily learned; and now the bird knew that a chesnut was his recompence for good performance, whenever he got an appetite to his favorite food, he began one or more of his airs, to the astonishment of all hearers. Another curiosity was, that when Vogler sat down to the harpsichord to try some new composition, the bird began to sing piano with his usual airs, but only one or two different notes, which were generally a consonant, viz. 8, 5, or 3.

THE OLD MAID AT CHURCH.

Mary at Church with looks devont,
Was overheard to say,
"My morning glass is almost out;
A husband Lord, I pray.

A drollish spark, who by her sat,
Determin'd for a joke,
Cried out with voice effeminate,
As though an angel spoke,

"Mary thou shalt not die a maid,
Thou hast neglected been;"
"Thank you good spirit,"
And loudly cri'd "Amen.